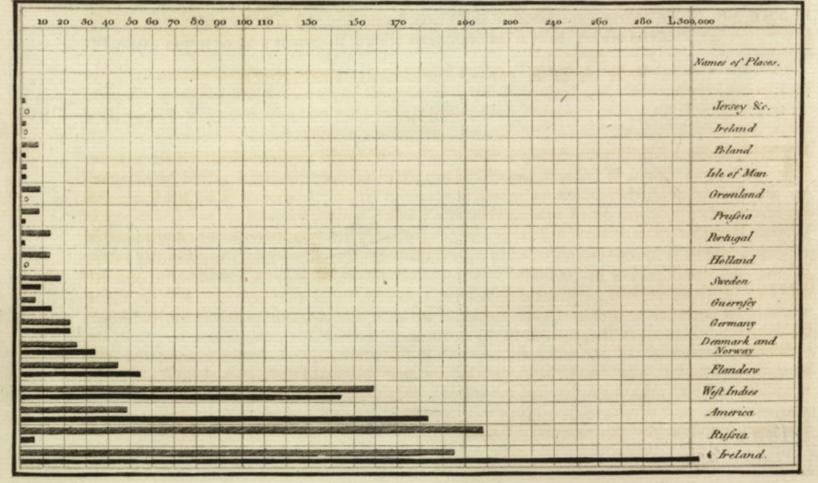
Lessons Learned from a Dozen Years of Engaging Communities with Data

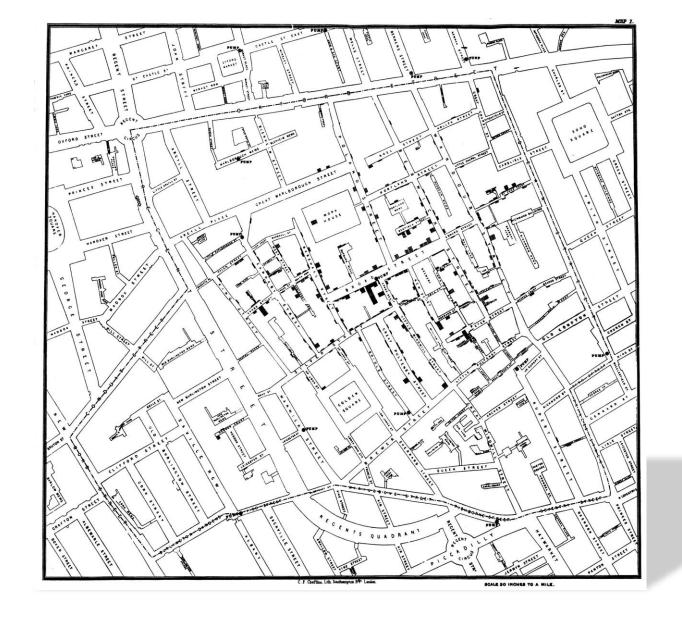


Exports and Imports of SCOTLAND to and from different parts for one Year from Christmas 1780 to Christmas 1781.



The Upright divisions are Ten Thousand Pounds each. The Black Lines are Exports the Ribbedlines Imports.











Lesson #1:

Use data that are available.

(Don't wait for that perfect dataset to appear.)



Lesson #2:

Create data stories, not just data visualizations.



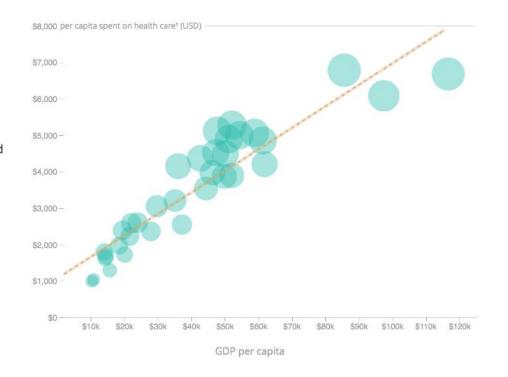
America's Health Care Crisis

Why the United States Leads the World in Health Care Spending

by Leighann Kinter

The U.S. leads the world in health care spending, but why is that alarming?

It's no surprise that wealthier countries tend to spend more on health care. In fact, we see a strong linear relationship between GDP and relative health care spending per capita for most industrialized countries.



But there is one clear outlier...
the United States

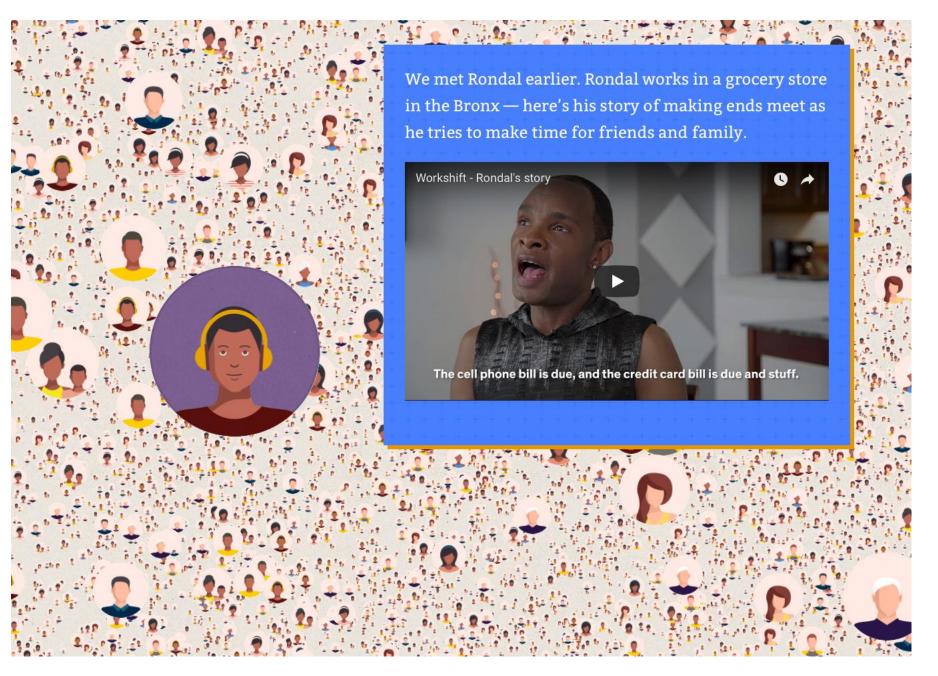


Lesson #3: Appeal to both the heart and the head.











Lesson #4:

Enlist writers, designers, and community members to help you craft your data story.



"The hardest thing for a data person to do is to speak English. The second hardest thing for a data person to do is to write in English."

- Epidemiologist at a county health department in California





See a map of California's high- and low-performing hospitals at www.chcf.org/2births.

Learn about the performance of hospitals near you at www.CalQualityCare.org.



What Would Happen If Health Care in Your State **Improved?**

2017 Update





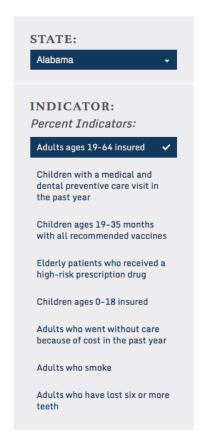


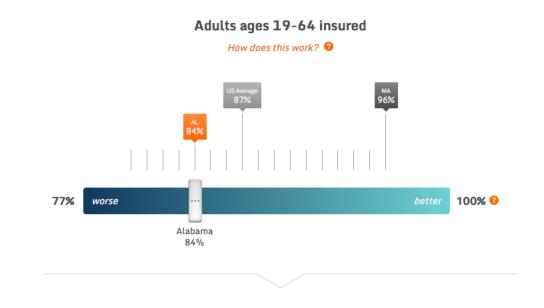


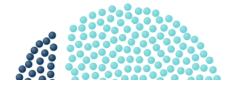




The Commonwealth Fund's Scorecard on State Health System Performance, 2017 Edition, assessed states on more than 40 indicators of health care access, quality, costs, and outcomes. Use this interactive tool to see the gains that your state could achieve by improving its performance to the level of betterperforming states, as well as the losses that would result if your state failed to sustain its performance. You can also see the impact of reaching for a goal that is even better than the current best state's performance.











Lesson #5: Don't start with the full story.





See your county's Opioid Report Card:

MARIN COUNTY

NAPA COUNTY

SONOMA COUNTY

YOLO COUNTY

Map Source: California Department of Public Health.



Lesson #6:

Make Large Numbers Seem Relatable.



If I look at the mass, I will never act

"Our cognitive and perceptual systems seem to be designed to *sensitize us to small changes* in our environment, possibly at the expense of making us *less able to detect and respond to large changes*."

Numerical representations of human lives do not necessarily convey the importance of those lives. *All too often, the numbers represent dry statistics, 'human beings with the tears dried off.*"

- Paul Slovick, psychology professor at the Univ. of Oregon





One in 292 Million

The Powerball jackpot this Saturday is \$510 million, but your chances of winning are just one in 292 million. Here's what that looks like.

By Ana Becker

Last updated Aug. 18, 2017 at 11:40 a.m. ET | Published Jan. 13, 2016 at 9:00 a.m. ET

Let's take a look at some odds:

One in Two

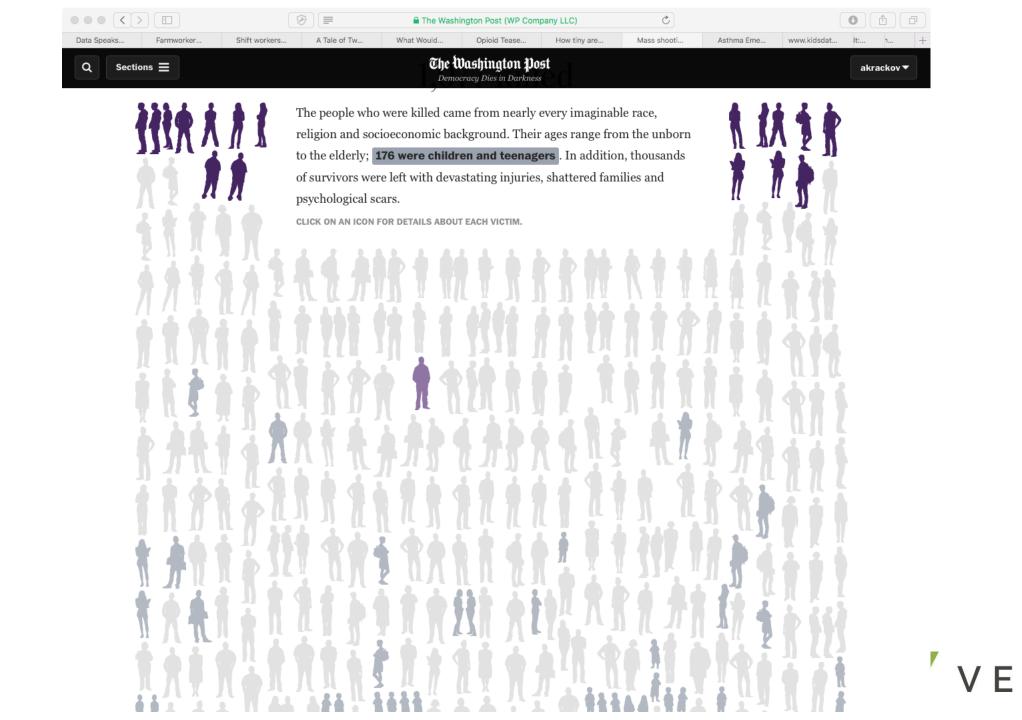
The odds of winning a coin toss



One in 10

The odds of being left handed





Lesson #7: Always talk to your users.







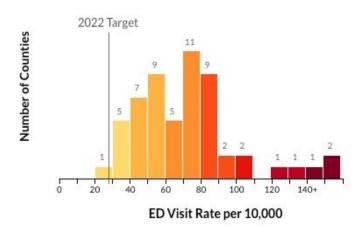


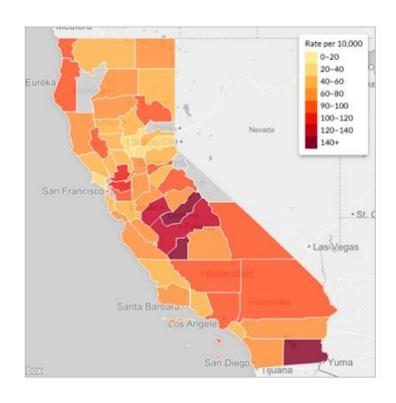


Geography: Youth Ages 0-17

Youth asthma ED visit rates, on the other hand, are much higher statewide and show much more variation among areas. Counties with the lowest rates tend to be northern and rural. Counties with the highest rates are concentrated in the San Joaquin and Imperial valleys.











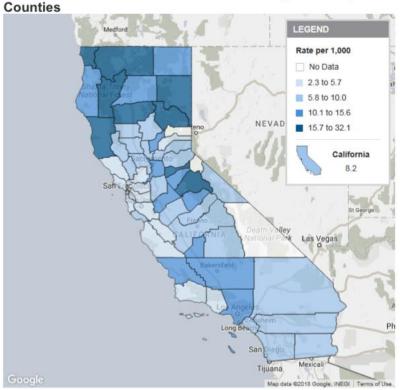


kidsdata.org



Child Abuse and Neglect in California

Substantiated Cases of Child Abuse and Neglect: 2015; Showing



Definition: Number of substantiated cases of abuse and neglect per 1,000 children under age 18 (e.g., in 2015, there were 8.2 substantiated cases of abuse and neglect per 1,000 California children).

What It Is

Child abuse and neglect indicators are broken into two broad categories: the incidence of child abuse and neglect reports and the incidence of substantiated cases. Generally speaking, most reports of child abuse/neglect are not substantiated by Child Protective Services after an investigation. Typically, as the public becomes more aware of child maltreatment and how to report it, the rate of reports goes up. The rate of substantiated cases is generally a more reliable measure of the prevalence of abuse and neglect because it reflects verified reports. On kidsdata.org, data on both reports and substantiated cases of abuse/neglect are provided overall, by age, by race/ethnicity, and by type of abuse.

Why This Topic Is Important

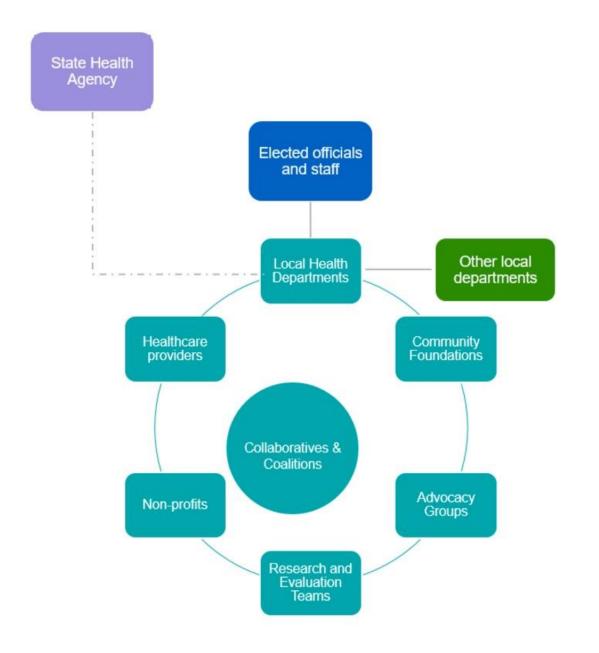
Child maltreatment can cause serious physical injuries and even death (1). Children who are abused or neglected, including those who witness domestic violence, also are more likely to experience cognitive, emotional, and behavioral problems, such as anxiety, depression, substance abuse, delinquency, difficulty in school, and early sexual activity (1, 2). In addition, child maltreatment can disrupt brain and physical development, particularly when experienced in early childhood, increasing the risk for health problems in adulthood, e.g., heart disease, cancer, obesity, depression, and



Lesson #8:

Involve local data ambassadors in dissemination.







Lesson #9:

We all need coaches when digesting data that's about us.



Lesson #10:

Finally, let's not forget to make data fun!

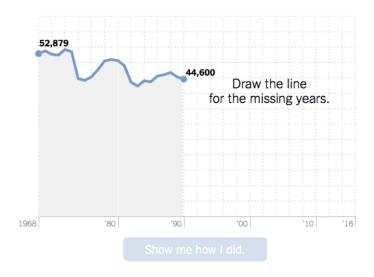


You Draw It: Just How Bad Is the Drug Overdose Epidemic?

By JOSH KATZ UPDATED October 26, 2017

How does the surge in drug overdoses compare with other causes of death in the U.S.? Draw your guesses on the charts below.

Since 1990, the number of Americans who have died every year from **car accidents**...



I don't want to play; just tell me the answers.



Select the year you were born

And we'll tell you how you stack up to today's teens. (Unfortunately, government data only goes back to those born after 1972).

1972

Today's teens are among the best-behaved generation of teens we know of.

- 10.8 percent of teens today smoke cigarettes. Twenty years ago, 34.8
 percent of high school students did.
- Teenagers today are 46 percent less likely to binge drink than teenagers 20 years ago. In fact, they're 21 percent less likely to have ever tried alcohol at all.
- In 1996, 5.6 percent of teen girls had babies. Now, that number is 2.3.

"There is a good amount of positive stuff we find, where the trend is improving and current prevalence is pretty low," says Stephanie Zaza, who directs the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's Division of Adolescent and School Health.

Today's teenagers are not perfect, and there are some ways teen behavior has gotten worse. Obesity is higher now than it ever was, and high school students do eat fewer vegetables. There are new risks, like e-cigarettes, that the government is just beginning to try to measure.

But when you look at the long-term trends on really important issues that



Thank you!

andy.krackov@velir.com

www.velir.com/data



Lesson #2:

Get as granular as you can.



